

Note: The numbers in [ ] are the point totals for each part of each problem.

Problem 1 :

Assume that the Universe is flat ( $k = 0$ ) and that the energy density is dominated by a field ( $X$ ) whose equation of state is:  $w_X = -1/3$ .

- a) For this model find  $\rho_X$  as a function of the scale factor (or, of  $x \equiv a/a_0$ ) and also as a function of the redshift. [5]
- b) For this model find  $x$  versus  $t$  in terms of  $H_0$  and/or  $t_0$ . [5]
- c) For this model find the present age ( $t_0$ ) in terms of the Hubble age  $H_0^{-1}$ . Also, find the deceleration parameter  $q$  for this model. [5]
- d) For this model find the lookback time ( $\Delta t \equiv t_0 - t_e$ ), in units of the Hubble time, versus redshift. [5]
- e) For this model find the distance modulus ( $m - M$ ) as a function of redshift and evaluate it for  $z = 0.04$  and for  $z = 0.4$ . You may assume that  $H_0 = 70$  km/s/Mpc. [10]

Problem 2 : Dark Energy

Assume that the Universe (near the present epoch) consists of two components, “ordinary” (non-relativistic) matter ( $w_M = 0$ ) and “dark energy” ( $X$ ) with an equation of state  $w_X = -1$ . For each of these components assume that the present values of the density parameters are  $\Omega_{M0} = 1/3$  and  $\Omega_{X0} = 2/3$ .

- a) Find the redshift,  $z_{eq}$ , at which  $\rho_M = \rho_X$ . [5]
- b) Find the redshift,  $z_*$ , at which the acceleration of the expansion of the Universe vanishes. [5]
- c) For this model find the present value of the deceleration parameter  $q_0$ . [5]
- d) For this model consider the future evolution ( $t \gg t_0$ ,  $a \gg a_0$ ) and find the proper radial distance to the event horizon  $R_E(t)$ . [10]

Problem 3 : Phantom Energy (Big Rip)

Assume that the Universe (near the present epoch) consists of two components, “ordinary” (non-relativistic) matter ( $w_M = 0$ ) and “phantom energy” ( $X$ ) with an equation of state  $w_X = -4/3$ . Assume that for each of these components the present values of the density parameters are  $\Omega_{M0} = 1/4$  and  $\Omega_{X0} = 3/4$ .

- a) Find the redshift,  $z_{eq}$ , at which  $\rho_M = \rho_X$ . [5]
- b) Find the redshift,  $z_*$ , at which the acceleration of the Universe vanishes. [5]
- c) For this model find the present value of the deceleration parameter  $q_0$ . [5]
- d) This open, ever expanding model has a finite lifetime ( $a \rightarrow \infty$  for  $t = t_\infty < \infty$ ). Starting at a time in the future,  $t_1 \gg t_0$ , how much time does it take ( $\Delta t \equiv t_\infty - t_1$ ) for the “big rip” ( $a \rightarrow \infty$ ) to occur? [10]
- e) Consider the future evolution of this model ( $t_1 \gg t_0$ ,  $a_1 \gg a_0$ ) and find the proper radial distance to the event horizon  $R_E(t_1)$ . Find the limit of  $R_E(t_1)$  as  $a_1 \rightarrow \infty$ . [10]