

$$\hat{H} = \frac{\hat{p}^2}{2m}$$

$$\text{let } \hat{p}|k\rangle = \hbar k|k\rangle, \langle x|k\rangle = \frac{e^{ikx}}{\sqrt{2\pi}}$$

$$\langle x|\psi(0)\rangle = N \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{a^2} + ik_0 x\right)$$

$$\langle \psi(0)|\psi(0)\rangle = N^2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \exp\left(-\frac{2x^2}{a^2}\right) = N^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi a^2}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow N = \left(\frac{2}{\pi a^2}\right)^{1/4}$$

$$\langle k|\psi(0)\rangle = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \langle k|x\rangle \langle x|\psi(0)\rangle$$

$$= N \int dx \frac{e^{-ikx}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{a^2} + ik_0 x\right)$$

$$-\frac{x^2}{a^2} - i(k-k_0)x = -\frac{1}{a^2} \left(x + \frac{i(k-k_0)a^2}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{a^2(k-k_0)^2}{4}$$

$$\langle k|\psi(0)\rangle = \frac{N}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int dx \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{a^2} \left(x + \frac{i(k-k_0)a^2}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{a^2(k-k_0)^2}{4}\right\}$$

$$= \frac{N}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{a^2}{4}(k-k_0)^2\right) \sqrt{\pi a^2}$$

$$= \left(\frac{2}{\pi a^2}\right)^{1/4} \sqrt{\frac{a^2}{2}} \exp\left(-\frac{a^2}{4}(k-k_0)^2\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{a^2}{2\pi}\right)^{1/4} \exp\left(-\frac{a^2}{4}(k-k_0)^2\right)$$

$$\langle x | \psi(t) \rangle = ?$$

$$\langle x | \psi(t) \rangle = \langle x | e^{-i\hat{H}t/\hbar} | \psi(0) \rangle$$

$$= \int dk \langle x | k \rangle \langle k | e^{-i\hat{H}t/\hbar} | \psi(0) \rangle$$

$$= \int dk \frac{e^{ikx}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left[-i \frac{k^2 t}{2m\hbar}\right] \left(\frac{a^2}{2\pi}\right)^{1/4} \exp\left[-\frac{a^2}{4}(k-k_0)^2\right]$$

$$= \left(\frac{a^2}{(2\pi)^3}\right)^{1/4} \int dk \exp\left\{-\frac{a^2}{4}(k-k_0)^2 + ikx - i \frac{k^2 t}{2m\hbar}\right\}$$

$$\left\{ \right\} = -\frac{a^2}{4} k^2 + \frac{a^2}{2} k_0 k - \frac{a^2}{4} k_0^2 + ikx - i \frac{k^2 t}{2m\hbar}$$

$$= \underbrace{\left(-\frac{a^2}{4} - \frac{it}{2m\hbar}\right)}_A k^2 + \underbrace{\left(\frac{a^2}{2} k_0 + ix\right)}_B k - \frac{a^2}{4} k_0^2$$

$$= -A k^2 + B k - \frac{a^2}{4} k_0^2$$

$$= -A \left(k - \frac{B}{2A}\right)^2 + \frac{B^2}{4A} - \frac{a^2}{4} k_0^2$$

↑ shift in this variable

$$\langle x | \psi(t) \rangle = \left(\frac{a^2}{(2\pi)^3}\right)^{1/4} \exp\left\{\frac{\left(\frac{a^2}{2} k_0 + ix\right)^2}{4 \left(\frac{a^2}{4} + \frac{it}{2m\hbar}\right)} - \frac{a^2}{4} k_0^2\right\}$$

$$\int dk \exp(-A k^2)$$

$$\langle x | \psi(t) \rangle = \left(\frac{a^2}{(2\pi)^3} \right)^{1/4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{\frac{a^2}{4} + \frac{i\hbar}{2m\hbar}}} \times \exp \left\{ \frac{-\frac{x^2}{a^2} + ik_0 x + \frac{a^2}{4} k_0^2}{1 + \frac{2i\hbar}{m\hbar}} - \frac{a^2}{4} k_0^2 \right\}$$