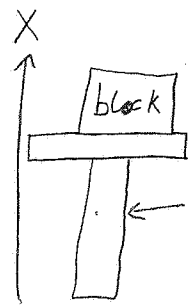


Key

QUIZ 1
Spring 2005
3:30 Section
2:30 recitation Thursday Quiz
Frank De Lucia

A block rides on a piston that is moving vertically with simple harmonic motion.

- a) If the SHM has a period of 1.0 s, at what amplitude of motion will the block and piston separate? Block and piston will separate when $a_{\max} \geq g$.



For SHM $a(t) = -\omega^2 X_m \cos(\omega t + \phi)$

Separation will begin when $a_{\max} = g$

$$\Rightarrow \omega^2 X_m = g \Rightarrow X_m = \frac{g}{\omega^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow X_m = \frac{g}{\left(\frac{2\pi}{T}\right)^2} = \frac{T^2 g}{4\pi^2} = \frac{(1.0\text{ s})^2 (9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})}{4\pi^2}$$

$$= 0.25\text{ m}$$

- b) If the piston has an amplitude of 5.0 cm, what is the maximum frequency for which the block and piston will be in contact continuously?

$$f_m \equiv f_{\max}$$

$$\omega_m \equiv \omega_{\max}$$

Same procedure as a.) leads to

$$\omega_m^2 X_m = g \Rightarrow (2\pi f_m)^2 X_m = g$$

$$\Rightarrow f_m^2 = \frac{g}{(2\pi)^2 X_m} \Rightarrow f_m = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{g}{X_m}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{9.8 \text{ m/s}^2}{0.05 \text{ m}}} = 2.2 \frac{1}{\text{s}}$$

$$\omega_m = 2\pi f_m = 14 \frac{1}{\text{s}}$$